## Ancient beauty secret of Ayurveda

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### **Abstract**

Ayurveda was revealed to the seers of India thousands of years ago.

In a natural environment supportive of all life, these seers or "rishis" came to understand the principles by which health and well-being is both created and destroyed. Ayurveda, the "science of longevity," promotes positive health, natural beauty, and long life. Although rooted in antiquity, Ayurveda is based on universal principles and is a living grow ng body of knowledge-as useful today as it was in centuries past.

When we talk about beauty in the context of Ayurveda, it should be perfectly clear from the start that we are not talking about market driven ideals of the moment. In Ayurveda, inner and outer beauty are intimately related. The more we nurture ourselves, the more radiant we become physically and expressively-regardless of our par titular body shape or proportions.

Ayurveda believes that true beauty is composed of three vital elements: a well-nourished body, a balanced mind, and a peaceful spirit. In other words, outer beauty is a reflection of one's inner health and wellbeing. Following a healthy diet, getting adequate sleep, and managing stress are the cornerstones of a holistic, long-term beauty regimen.

### Introduction

The role of beauty in Ayurveda.

What is beauty?

Beauty is commonly described as a feature of objects that makes these objects pleasurable to perceive. Such objects include landscapes, sunsets, humans and works of art. Beauty, together with art and taste, is the main subject of aesthetics, one of the major branches of philosophy.<sup>1</sup>

In keeping with the general orientation of eastern philosophy and healing, beauty can be viewed as having three aspects, an outer, inner, and secret aspect. When one balances the outer and inner, one has accomplished the secret aspect.

### Outer beauty-

is what we most commonly associate with the field of beauty. It is the perfection of what is visually perceived. It includes the obvious traits such as contours of the body, texture of the skin, and the quality of the hair and nails. But in Ayurveda it also includes grace in posture and movement and the subtle qualities of freshness and vitality and magnetizing brightness of being like today's authorities on natural body care.

Inner beauty- relates to inner qualities of being including emotional state and mental abilities. Like physical qualities, they are largely determined at birth and are considered to be the result of actions and aspiration from previous lives. As physical from can be molded by diet and lifestyle, we can also train our mind to cultivate positive state of being.

The secret aspect of beauty- refers to the energy, insight, and inspiration it takes to balance the inner and outer. Developing this special quality takes time, patience, and a willingness to learn from experience. This is the mark of real maturity that ripens into deep lasting beauty that is experienced from within and seen by all from without.<sup>2</sup>

### **Enhancing Beauty through Ayurveda**

- According to Prakruti
- The role of the dhatus in physical beauty.
- Diet and Nutrition (Ahara)
- Dincharya
- Rutucharya
- Ayurvedic drugs used in Cosmetology
- yog

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- Panchakarma
- Rasayana Chikitsa

Table 1: **According to Prakurti**<sup>3</sup> - It plays an important role in the selection and establishment of every factor for which a person is going to interact from conception till death, e.g. lifestyle, diet planning, etc. It does not change during the whole life and is responsible for the physical and mental characteristics of an individual. This prakriti is of seven types according to Tridosha.

T74	<b>D</b> ''' -	V 1
Vata	Pitta	Kapha
Slender in build	Medium in build	Heavy in build;
		large, strong,
		stable
Thin as a child	Medium build as	Plump or
	child	chunky as a
	(0)	child
Under developed	Athletic	Heavy bone
muscles, flat chest	musculature,	structure, but
	medium bone	not prominent
	structure	
Fine, small bones	Skin is warm to	Skin cool to
and/or prominent	be the touch all	touch but
joints	over	rarely have
	14	especially cold
		hand or feet
Unusually tall or	Delicate skin	Skin has pale,
short in height	prone to	gleaming white
	premature	tone, soft,
	wrinkles,	moist, thick,
	inflammation and	smooth,
	itchiness; blushes	slightly oily
	easily	and tendency
Skin cold to	Body hair light	VI.
touch, dry and	and fine	www aiirj
rough, especially		· alli
hands and feet		
Skin problems	Skin problems	Skin problems
with dryness,	may include	are rare, but
specially in	rashes, acne,	may include
winter; other	blackheads.	skin sensitivity
conditions may		
include psoriasis,		
dry eczema,		
corns, calluses,		
cracks		

Table 2: The role of the dhatus in physical beauty.<sup>4</sup> -There are seven dhatus or body tissues that give shape and form to the body.

shape a	shape and form to the body.				
Dhat u	Physic al Functi on	Related Beauty Conditi on When Unbala nced	Foods That Aggra vate	Foods That Benefi t	Special Treatm ents To Balanc e
RAS A	nourish ment	Fatigue, depressi on, overall dryness, anemia, prematu re aging, aches and pain	Fatty, sugary foods	Sea vegeta bles, fruit and veg juices,	fasting
RAK TA	invigor ation	Dryness, dull skin, varicose vain, rashes, acne	Acid produci ng food	Miner als rich food	Fasting, blood- letting, deep breathin g
MAM SA	Coveri ng the skeleto n	Weakne ss and emaciati on in muscles , eczema, dermatit is, cysts, abscess es	Low protein diets	Qualit y protei n, all essenti al amino acids	Surgery , cauteriz ation
MED A	lubricat ion	Dry skin, obesity or emaciati on, dry or oily hair and nails, heavy breasts, smelly sweat	Heavy, fatty food	Essent ial fatty acids	Fasting, exercise, sweating, vomiting
AST HI	support	Osteopo rosis, poor posture, cavities	Excess protein , refined sugars	Miner al rich food, sesam e seed,	Pancha karma ,esp basti

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		in teeth, hair loss, beard on women		sea vegeta bles	
MAJ JA	Filling space	Sunken or protrudi ng eyes, heaving , sticky, numbne ss	Stress when eating	Vit. B-rich food, protei ns, lecithi n	Elimina tion of excess doshas
SHU KRA	reprodu ction	Pre- occupati on with fears and anxietie s while eating	Milk, ghee, rejuven ative herbs	Exerci se, sweet and bitter food, sex	

Table 3: Importance of Dincharya.<sup>5</sup>

Dincharya	Importance
Anjan (applying kajal)	Clear and brightness of the eyes
Dhoompans (inhalation of medicated smoke)	Decreased foetid smell from nose and mouth, Alopecia, Gray hair and Falling
Nasya	One who practices nasya regularly is not affected by graying of hairs, white hairs and hair falls, eye diseases, etc
Dantopdhavna (teeth brushing) Jhivanirlekhna (tongue cleaning)	Having the tastes of pungent, bitter and astringent twigs are good for brushing. Remove foul smell from mouth and better to teeth
<b>Mouth Freshners</b>	Mouth fresheners such as jaati katuka, pooga, lavanga, tamboola have been described
Murdhni Taila	It is the process in which sneha is applied on the head and does not suffer from headache, alopecia, greaying of hairs
Sharir Parimarjana (body cleaning)	Alleviates foul smell, itching and dirt
Anulepana (Deodorants, perfumes, face-pack, etc)	
Ratna and abhushana dharan (Use of precious stones and metals in the form of jewellery)	

Table 4: Ritucharya and its Importance.6

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Ritucharya	Importance			
Shishir	Massage with oil/powder/paste, bathing with lukewarm water, exposure to sunlight; food having sour as the predominant taste are preferred.			
Vasant Ciplinan	One should take easily digestible food. May do exercise during vasant riyu, Udvartana, One should bath with hot water and used paste of Chandan and Agru on body.			
Greshma	Foods which are light to digest, staying in cool places, applying sandal wood and other aromatic pastes over the body.			
Varsha	Foods having sour and salty taste and of sneha qualities are to be taken. use of boiled water for bath and rubbing the body with oil properly after bath is advised.			
Sharad	Food are having sweet and bitter taste, and of light to digest and cold properties are advised.			
Hemant	One should use unctuous, sweet, sour, and salty foods; Exercise, body and head massage, sunbath, use worm water.			

Table 5: Ayurvedic drug used in Cosmetology Varnya.<sup>7</sup>- Varnya is the group of drugs, which have complexion promoting action

complexion promoting action		
Raktachandan	Natural toner and skin	
(Petrocarpus santalinus)	rejuvenator & Anti-septic,	
	Ant allergy & Anti-	
	Inflammatory.	
Lodhra (Symplococus	Skin glow, blood purify,	
racemosa)	Leucoderma, Leprosy,	
	Psoriasis and Inflammation.	
Manjishtha (Rubia	Purifies the blood, skin	
cordifolia)	diseases, improves	
	complexion of skin	
Ushir (Vetiveria	Anti-Inflammatory, Anti-	
zizanioides)	septic, dryness and cracking	
	of skin.	
Swhetacandana (Santalum	Various skin disorders,	
	improves the skin	

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album)	complexion, relieves the itching, burning and redness of the skin
Kumkum (Crocus sativus)	Improves complexion. useful in hyperpigmented spots.
Punnaga (Calophyllum inophyllum	skin rejuvenator, skin diseases like acne, acne scars, psoriasis, eczema, dermatitis

# Table 6: Moisturizers and Skin Tonics.8

Aloe vera (Kumari)	Moisturizer, Sunscreen & Emollient
Calendula officinalis (Marigolds)	Wound healing
Cichorium intybus (Kasani)	Skin blemishes
Curcuma longa (Turmeric)	Antiseptic, Antibacterial, Improves complexion
Daucus carota (Wild carrot)	Natural toner and skin rejuvenator
Glycyrrhiza glabra (Yastimadhu)	Skin whitening
Ocimum sanctum (Tulasi)	Anti-aging, Antibacterial & Antiseptic
Rosa damascene (Gole Mohammad)	Toning & Cooling

# Table 7: Anti-Aging (Vayasthapana)<sup>9</sup>

Terminalia chebula ( <i>Hantaki</i> )	Anti-oxidants, Astringent and Anti-septic
Emblica officinalis (Amalaki)	Anti-oxidants, Anti – Allergy Properties
Tinosporia cordifolia (Guduchi)	Anti-oxidants, Anti- microbial activity
Terminalia belerica (Bibhitaki)	Anti-oxidants, Anti – Allergy, Anti-Bacterial
Sida veronicaefolia (Nagbala)	Aphrodisiac, Rejuvenative effects
Emblica ribes (Vidanga)	Anti-aging, Anti-fungal, Anti-Bacterial
Piper longam (Pippali)	Anti-aging, Anti-microbial activity

## Table 8: Yog for Health and Beauty. 10

Yogasana	Importance and benified	
Padmasana (Lotus pose)	Calms down your brain and relieves your stress making it amazing for healthy glowing skin.	
Paschimottanasana	It purifies the blood, improves	

(seated forward bend pose)	skin elasticity and reduces the wrinkles along with giving skin complexion.		
Ustrasana (camel pose)	Ustrasana improves the blow flow in your head which improves your skin and hair by removing toxins from the blood.		
Dhanurasan (bow pose)	Dhanurasana improves your total body flexibility, detoxifying your body thus resulting in great glowing skin.		
Sarvangasana (shoulder stand)	This improves blood circulation helps in improving facial glowing skin.		

### Table 9: Panchakarma for beautification of skin. 11

Table 9: Panchakarma for beautification of skin. 11		
Abhyanga	Abhanga is effective application of oil followed by a massage in specific directions. It helps in purifying the skin from dirt, beautifies the body figure, nourishes the body tissues for healthy living. it enhances the body complexion and helps in keeping the original texture of the skin.	
Udvartana	Udvartana is a treatment in which specific medicinal powders like drugs of Varnya gana are used in massage in specific directions to attain healthy skin. It enhances the body complexion, eliminates the bad odour, and cures the feeling of itching.	
swedana	Swedana is a type of procedure or an Upakarma (Purva Karma) in which induction of sweating is done for therapeutic procedures by different means. With the use of Swedana, one can achieve the soft and lustrous skin. It leads to the brilliance of the skin and prevents premature aging.	
Vaman	A procedure in which toxins present in the body are removed by inducing the vomiting.  It has great effects on treating the various type of skin-related disorders. As it deeply rinses the body by eliminating the morbid Dosha out from the body and leads to healthy skin.	
Virechan	It is a procedure of expulsion of toxins of the lower gastrointestinal tract through the anal route It helps in healing	

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	skin related disorders. Like Vyanga (pigmented spots present on face), and Nilika (bluish discoloured patch over the skin) by cleansing the morbid doshas from the body.	
Basti	Basti is a procedure in which the medicine is administered through the rectal, urethral, or vaginal route according to diseases. Panchaprastrik Basti, kushthahara ganadi basti, Varnyadi gadadi basti mentioned in classical text.	
Nasya	A Procedure in which medicine is administered through the nasal route. It gives beneficial effects in treating the pigmented spots on the face and intercepts the premature wrinkling of the skin.	
Raktamokshana	It is a minor surgical procedure of allowing the blood to bleed for therapy. It works best in treating skin related disorders like skin eruptions, Wanga (blackish discoloration over face). Piplu, fungal infection, Reddish patches on the skin. It also heals the bad body odder. Itching, and black pigmentation over the skin.	

Table 10: Role of Rasayana in beautification of skin. 12

Among Ashtang Ayurveda, Rasayan is the one that prevent ageing of the skin, maintains prabha, varna and the entire body as well as deals with optimum life span.

Aushadh Rasayana	Based on drugs and herbs.		
Ahar Rasayana	Based on diet and nutrition.		
Achar Rasayana	Based on conduct and behaviour.		

Table 11: Role of Diet and Nutrition. 13

Ahara - (Balanced Diet)

It plays vital role in maintaining physical and mental health. Nutritious ahara maintain entire skin complexion. Ahara Vidhi Vishesh Ayatanan meansThese are the special factors in the science of diet and dietetics. Ayurvedic classical texts give due regards to these eight factors which determine the utility of various types of food.

Table 12: Ahara Vidhi Vishesa Ayatan

	Name of The Factor	Description	Explanation with Example
	Prakrti	Nature of the food substances. Prakrti indicates the nature of the substance, i.e. inherent attributes of diets and drugs.	Masha is heavy and Mudga is light and meat of Sukara is Heavy and that of Ena is light.
A STREET A STREET	Karana	Processing of food substances. Processing results in the transformation of the inherent attributes of substances.	Transformation of the food quality is effected by dilution, application of heat, cleansing, churning, etc
HILLING.	Samyoga	Combination of two or more food substances.	Combination of honey & ghee or honey, fish and milk.
	Rashi	Quantity of substances to be taken	Quantity of all things involved is Sarvagraha and that of each and everything individually is Parigraha.
	Desha	Desha denotes the habitat of food substances.	It determines the variations of the qualities of the substances according to their geographic region, due to different soil etc.
The second secon	rnal.C	Time as age, seasons and conditions	Time factor is described in dual context; one pertains with daily and seasonal variations while other deals with individual's conditions of age and disease.
	Upayoga Samstha Upayokta	It consists of dietetic rules  Habit and state of individual	It means the person who takes food.

## **Conclusion:**

India is blessed with Ayurveda which has many ancient techniques for maintaining good health with beauty. Ayurveda emphasis on dhincharya, Ritucharya, Panchakarma therapy etc. for enhancing **Aayushi International Interdisciplinary Research Journal (AIIRJ)** 

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beauty. Ayurveda also offer vast amount of information on principle of anti-aging activity. This is the secret of beauty explained according to Ayurveda.

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